



7018 Owensmouth Ave. Suite 103  
 Canoga Park, CA, 91303  
 Phone: 818-710-1281  
 Fax: 818-936-0121  
 Email: Info@immunospec.com  
[www.immunospec.com](http://www.immunospec.com)



**Human Allergen Specific IgA Assay**

**REF**

Catalog No. E4-001

**IVD**

For Research Use Only

**Intended Use:**

To quantitate human Immunoglobulin A (IgA) specific for common allergens.

**Principle of Procedure:**

Solid phase capture sandwich ELISA assay using allergen coated microwells (over 400 types available).

**Shelf Life:**

The expiration date for the package and each component is stated on the label(s). Store all components at 2°-8° degrees C. Do not freeze all or in part.

**Patient and Standard Dilutions:**

Dilute each serum or plasma specimen to be tested 1:10 with the Specimen Diluent provided. Use Specimen Diluent alone as a zero control or blank.

**Materials Supplied:**

- Allergen coated microwell strips 8X12 with plastic frame
- HRP conjugated goat anti-human IgA -12mL
- TMB/peroxide substrate color developer – 12mL
- Specimen Diluent – 2X 60mL
- Sulfuric acid termination reagent (0.5N) – 12mL
- 15 X Wash buffer concentrate – 60mL

**Limitations of the Procedure:**

No single assay should be used as the only basis for arriving at a diagnostic conclusion.

**Dynamic Range:**

0.00 - 5.6 mg/mL

**Reproducibility:**

C.V. 6%-10% depending upon the region of the standard curve.

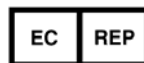
**Assay Procedure:**

\*Allow each reagent to reach room temperature before use

1. Add 100uL of *diluted* specimen to each microwell
2. Incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes
3. Decant and wash each microwell four times with wash buffer (dilute buffer 1:15 with reagent grade water)
4. Add 100uL of HRP conjugated goat anti-human IgA to each well
5. Incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes
6. Decant and wash as in "step 3".
7. Add 100uL of TMB/peroxide substrate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes
8. Terminate the reaction with 100uL of 0.5N sulfuric acid
9. Zero the microwell reader at 450nm using the specimen diluent zero control well
10. Determine the optical density (O.D.) of the remaining wells

**Interpretation of Results:**

<b>O.D. @450nm:</b>	<b>Class:</b>
0.000-0.250	<b>Class 0</b>
0.250-0.350	<b>Class I (Equivocal)</b>
0.350-0.450	<b>Class II (True Positive)</b>
0.450-0.550	<b>Class III</b>
>0.550	<b>Class IV</b>



**European Authorized Representative:**  
 CEpartner4U, Esdoornlaan 13, 3951DB Maarn  
 The Netherlands. Tel.: +31 (0)6.516.536.26



**Manufacturer:**  
 IMMUNOSPEC CORPORATION  
 7018 Owensmouth Ave. Suite # 103  
 Canoga Park, C.A. 91303  
 (818)710-1281  
 PIE4-005  
 Effe: Apr-2007

## Allergens Available: (other allergens available upon request)

### INHALANT ALLERGENS:

<i>A. alternata</i>	Eastern White Pine	Oat Grass	Yellow Dock
<i>A. vulgaris</i> (Mugwort)	European Filbert	Orchard Grass	Yellow Pine
<i>Abisidia ramosa</i>	English Plantain	Ox-Eye Daisy	
Acacia	English Walnut	<i>P. communis</i>	
<i>Ambrosia psilostarch</i>	Epicoccum	<i>P. pululans</i>	
American Beech	<i>F. oxysporum</i>	Paristaria	
American Elm	Fescue	<i>Penicillium chrysogenum</i>	
American Hazelnut	Fire Ant	<i>Penicillium notatum</i>	
<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	Fleas	<i>Phoma glomerata</i>	
<i>Aspergillus repens</i>	Fuarium	Pigeon Droppings	
<i>Aspergillus terreus</i>	<i>G. candidum</i>	Pigsweed	
<i>Aureobasidium pullularia</i>	German Cockroach	Poplar	
Bahai Grass	Giant Ragweed	Pyrethrum	
Baker's Yeast	Giant Wild Rye	Queen Palm	
Bent Grass	Goat Hair	Rabbit Epithelial	
Bermuda Grass	Goose Feathers	Ragweed	
Birch	Guinea Pig Hair	Rat Epithelial	
Black Locust	<i>H. velgare</i> (Barley)	Red Mulberry	
Black Oak	Hamster Epithelial	Red Oak	
Black Willow	<i>Helminthosporium sativum</i>	Redtop	
Blue Gum	Hickory	Reed's Canary grass	
Botrytis	Honey Myrtle	<i>Rhizopus nigricans</i>	
Box Elder	Horse Dander	Roughmarsh Elder	
Brewers Yeast	House Dust	Russian Thistle	
Brome	Human Hair	Rye Grass (perennial)	
Brown Cockroach	Italian Cypress	<i>S. aureus</i>	
<i>C. Goldenrod</i>	Johnson Grass	Sage Brush	
<i>C. hormodendrum</i>	June Grass	Sheep Sorrel	
<i>C. lunata</i>	Kapoc	Sheeps Wool	
<i>Candida albicans</i>	Kochia	Short Ragweed	
Cat Hair	Lamb's Quarters	Smooth Alder	
Cattle Hair	<i>M. canis</i> (ringworm)	Spadicoides	
Chicken Feathers	Malaleuca	Stemphylium b.	
Cladosporium	Meadow Foxtail	Sugar Maple	
Cocklebur	Mesquite	Sweet Vernal Grass	
Common Reed	Mimosa	Sycamore	
Cotton	Mites ( <i>D. farinae</i> )	<i>T. aestivum</i> (wheat pollen)	
Cottonwood	Mites ( <i>D. pteronyssinus</i> )	<i>T. canus</i> (gut parasite)	
Cultivated Wheat	Mixed Feathers	<i>T. pisiformis</i> (tapeworm)	
Curvularia	Mixed Ragweed	<i>T. vulpis</i> (gut parasite)	
Curvularia <i>lunata</i>	Mouse Epithelial	Timothy	
Dust mites	Mt. Cedar	<i>Trichoderma veride</i>	
	<i>Mucor racemosus</i>	<i>Trichophyton mentagrophytes</i>	

Dandelion	Mucor <i>mucedo</i>	Trichothecium
Dog Dander	mugwort	Velvet Grass
Dog Hair	Nettle	White Ash
Duck Feathers	Nigrospora	Wormwood

## ***FOOD ALLERGENS:***

Alfalfa	Haddock	Tomato
Alfalfa Meal	Honeydew Melon	Tuna
Almond	Kiwi Fruit	Turkey
Apple	Lactalbumin	Vanilla Bean
Atlantic Blue Mussel	Lamb	Venison (Odecoileus)
Bacon	Lettuce	Walnut
Barley	Liver	Wheat
Bean Sprouts	Lobster	White Bean
Beef	Mango	White Potato
Beet Pulp	Millet	
Black Pepper	Mushroom	
Brewers Yeast	Navy Bean	
Broccoli	Oat	
Buckwheat	Olive	
Cabbage	Onion	
Canola Meal	Orange Pekoe Tea	
Carrot	Orange	
Casein	Parsley	
Celery	Pea	
Cheddar Cheese	Peaches	
Chicken	Peanut	
Chocolate	Pear	
Clam	Pecan	
Cocoa	Pinto Bean	
Cod	Pork	
Coffee	Poultry	
Corn	Raw Sunflower	
Corn Gluten Meal	Rice	
Cottonseed Meal	Rye	
Crab	Salmon	
Cultivated Oats	Seaweed	
Dry Milk	Scallop	
Egg White	Soybean	
Egg Whole	Shrimp	
Egg Yolk	Strawberry	
Fish Meal	Suger Beets	
Flaxseed Meal	Sunflower Meal	
Flounder	Sweet Potato	
Garlic		